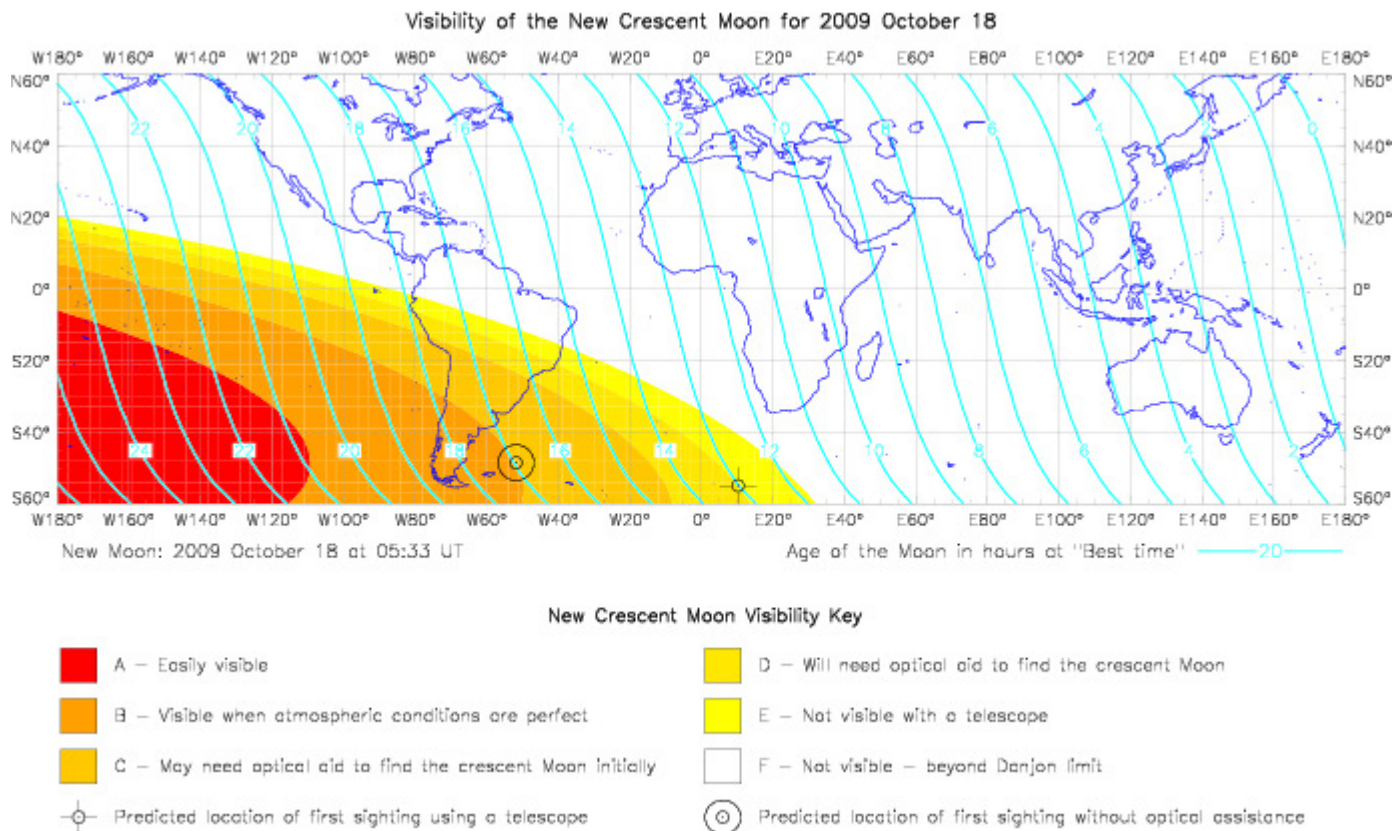
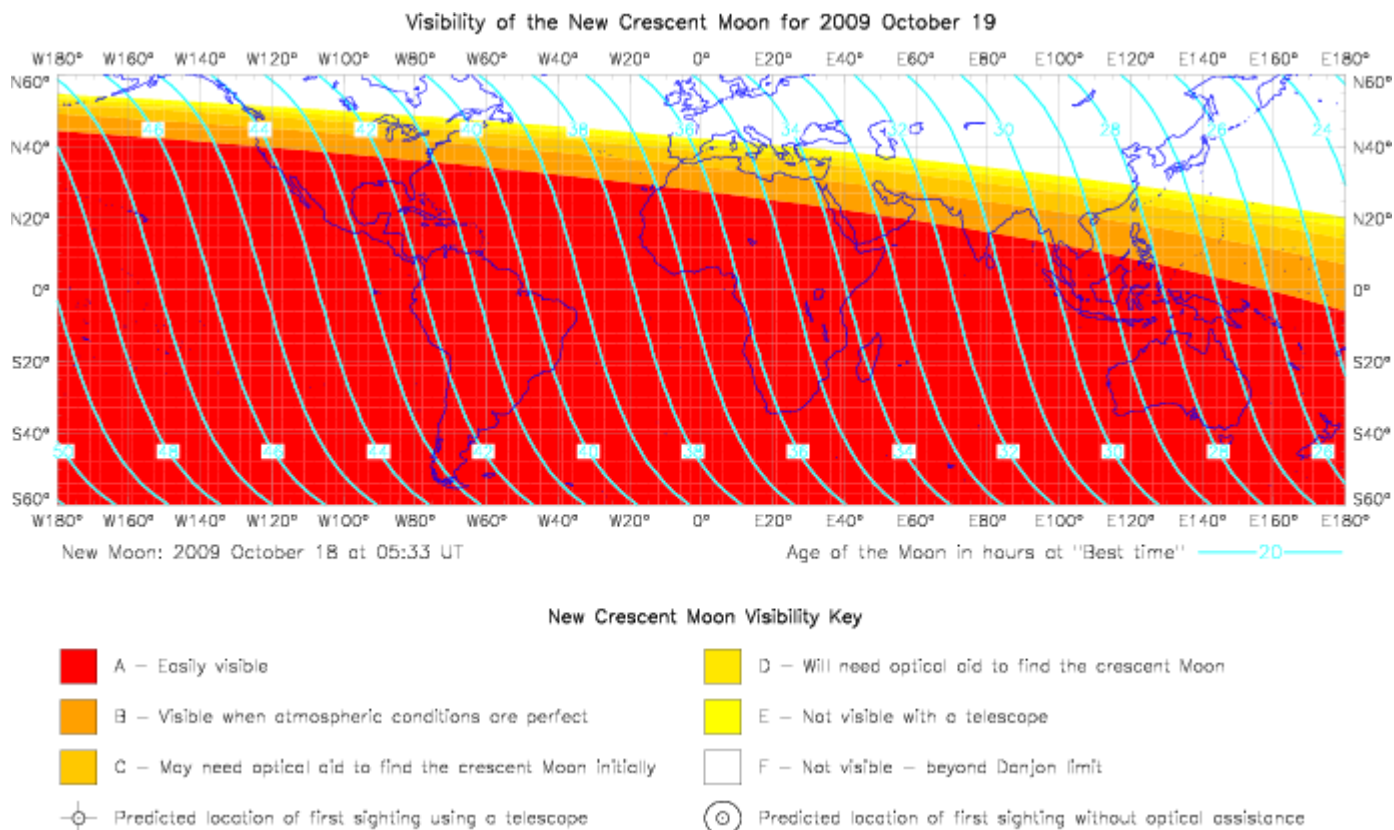


The following diagrams show the visibility of the new crescent Moon over the first three days of the lunation. The unshaded areas indicate regions from which the Moon cannot be seen. The Moon becomes more easily visible from the regions of increasing colour intensity i.e. the Moon will be seen easily from the regions shown in red. The near vertical blue lines show the age of the Moon at the so-called "best time" of observation.

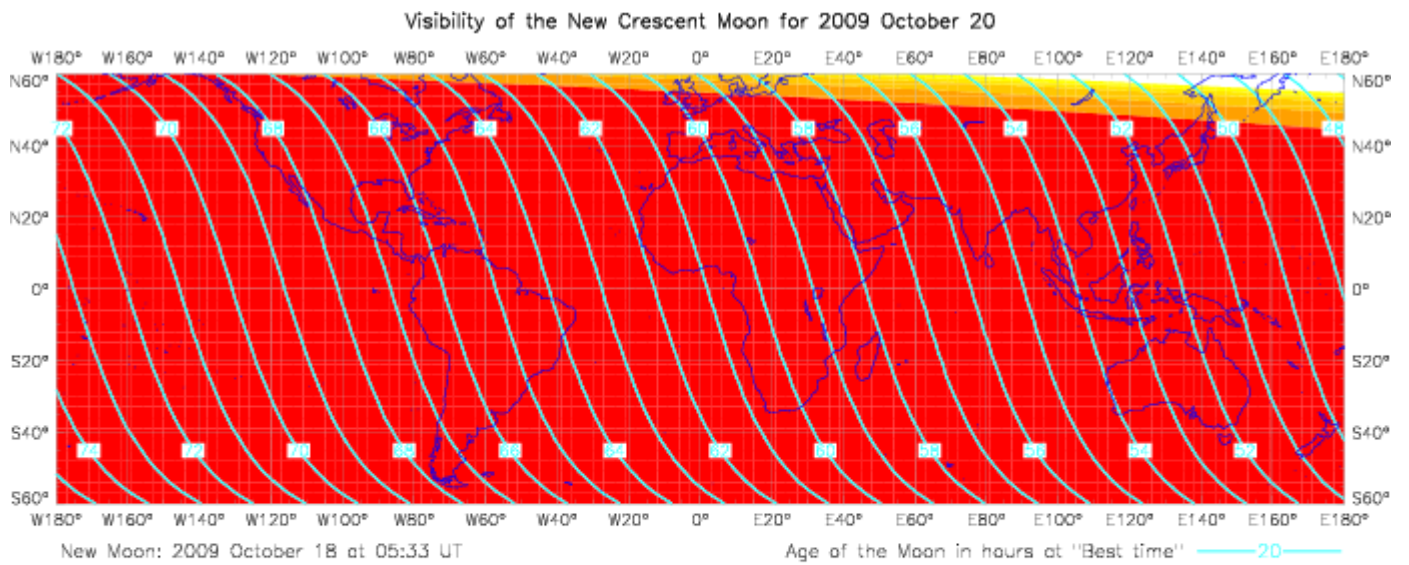
The New Moon time is 06.33 (BST) on 18th Oct 2009. The following diagram shows the visibility of the new crescent Moon on 18th Oct 2009. This indicates that sighting is impossible almost anywhere in the world.



The second diagram is for 19th Oct 2009 and exhibits more shaded regions than those found in the map for 18th Oct. Consequently, more areas of the Earth will be able to observe the crescent Moon with ease.



The third diagram is for 20th Oct 2009 and is totally shaded in red. Almost the Entire Earth will be able to observe the crescent Moon with ease.



New Crescent Moon Visibility Key

- | | |
|---|--|
| A – Easily visible | D – Will need optical aid to find the crescent Moon |
| B – Visible when atmospheric conditions are perfect | E – Not visible with a telescope |
| C – May need optical aid to find the crescent Moon initially | F – Not visible – beyond Danjon limit |
| ⊗ Predicted location of first sighting using a telescope | ⊙ Predicted location of first sighting without optical assistance |